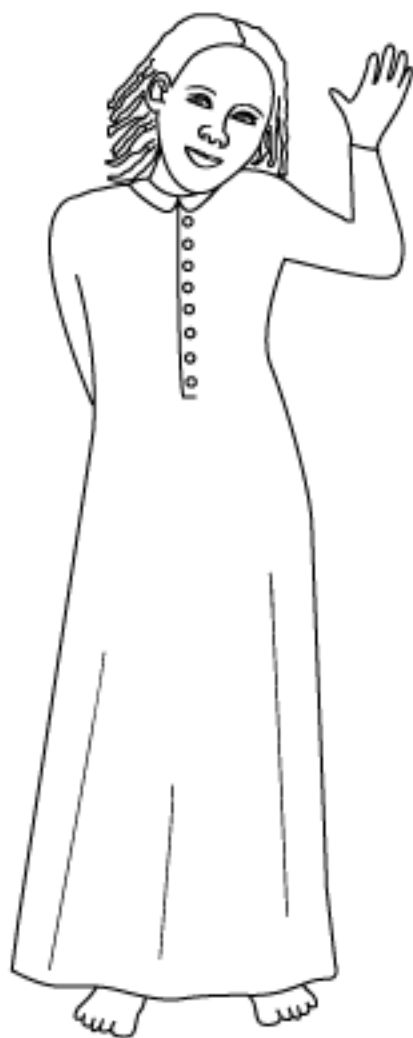
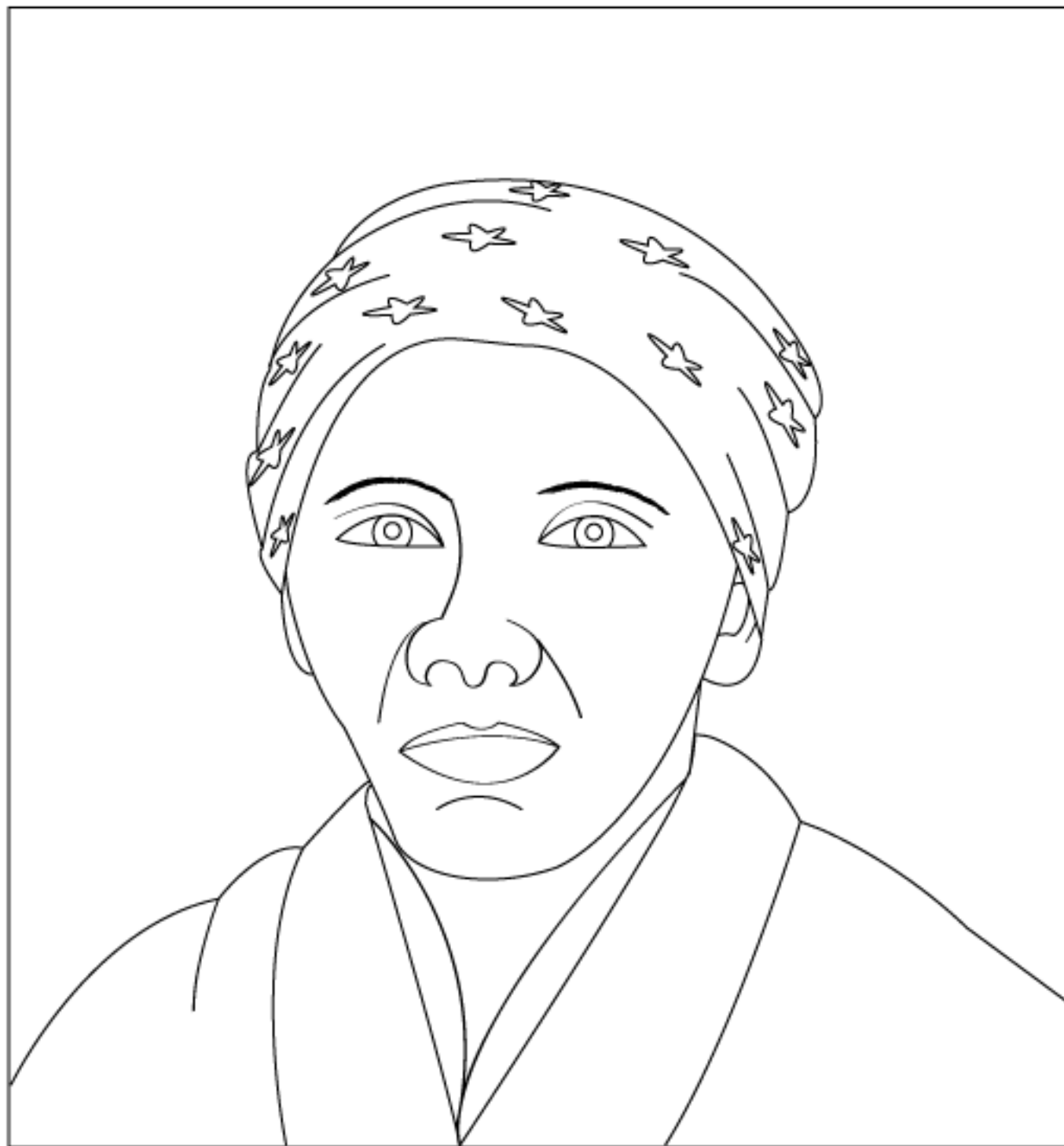


A Slave Girl Named Harriet





There were many important women in our
U.S. history.

Harriet Ross Tubman was such a woman.
She helped defeat slavery.



She was born in 1820 as a slave in Maryland.
She was a courageous woman. As a young girl,
she took a stand.



Harriet helped another slave who had tried to
run away.

The overseer hit her on the head and nearly
killed her on that day.

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Harriet was allowed to marry at the age of
twenty-four.

He was a free man named John Tubman,
but Harriet wanted more.

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When she feared she would be sold again, she
decided she would flee.
She wanted no more slavery. Harriet wanted to
be free.

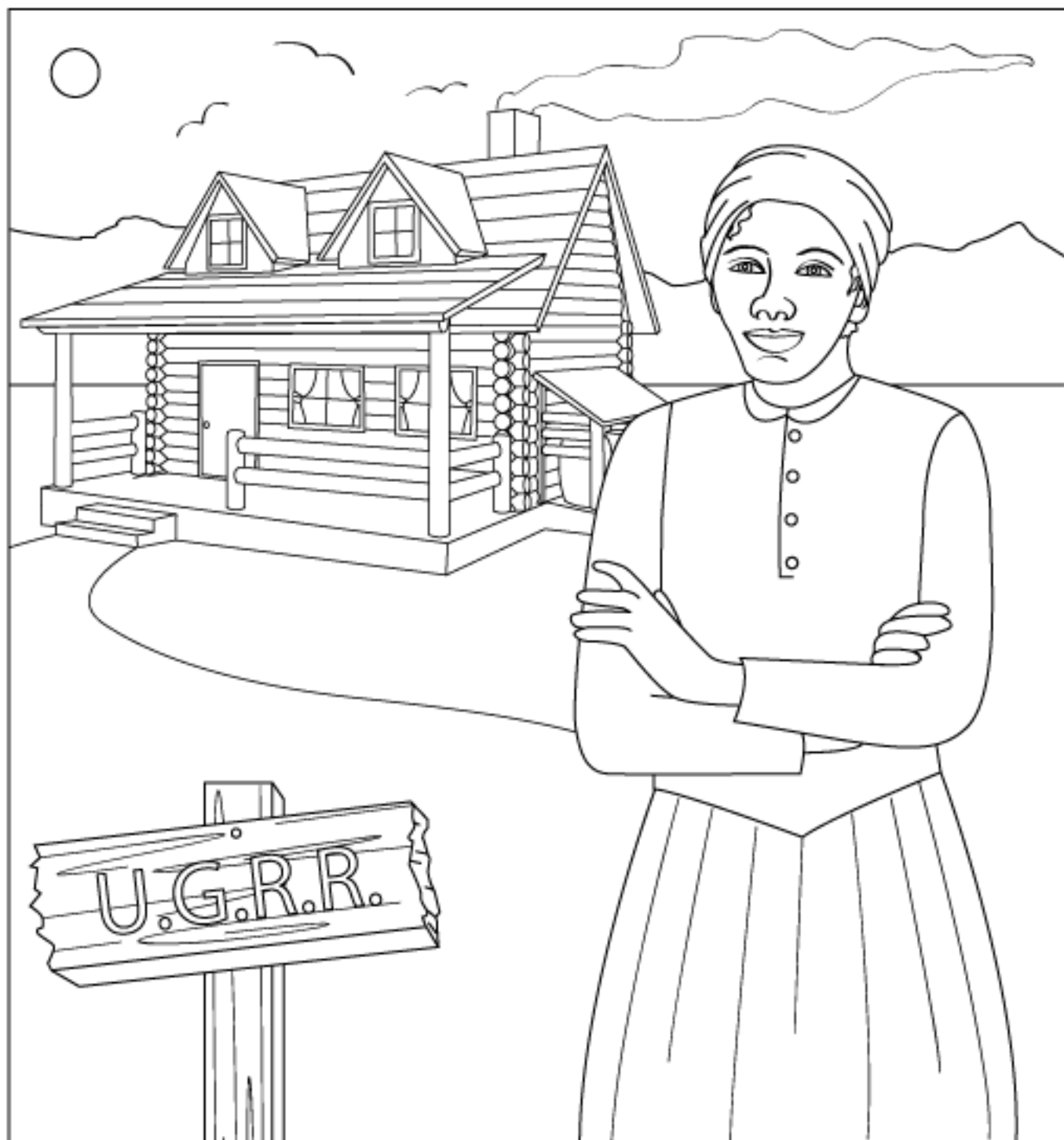
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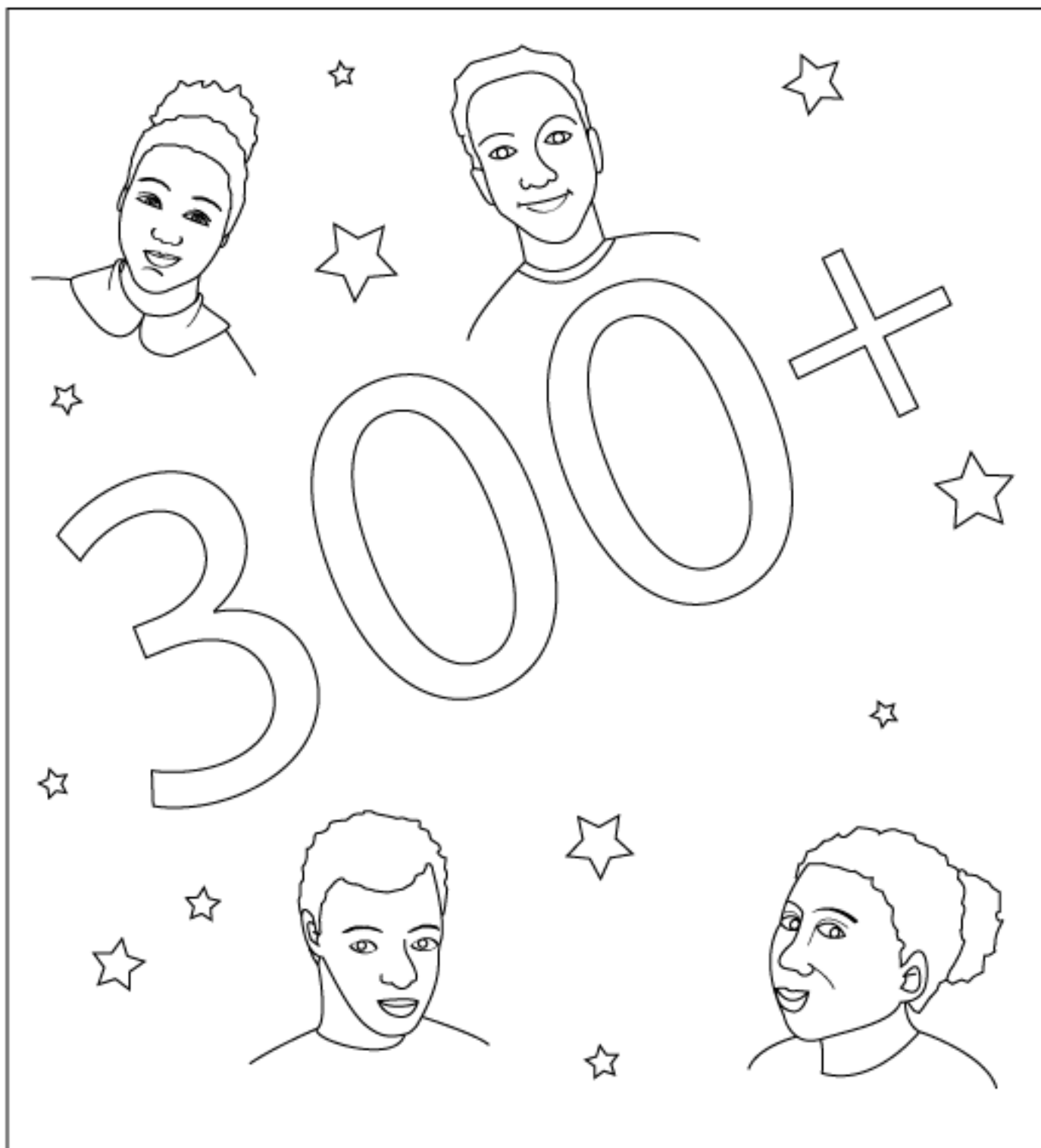
She was given the names of people who would
help her on her way.

She was given a hope of freedom and a safe
hiding place to stay.

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Harriet reached her destination.
A free woman she became
Because of the Underground Railroad,
a secret passage of great fame.



Harriet Tubman did not stop there.
Other slaves she helped to free.
In all, she helped more than three hundred.
It was her legacy.

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1. When was Harriet Tubman born?

- a. in 1920
- b. in 1820
- c. in 1520
- d. in 1950

Answer: _____

2. What happened to Harriet when she tried to help another slave?

- a. The overseer sent Harriet away.
- b. The overseer gave Harriet food.
- c. The overseer hit Harriet on the head.
- d. The overseer put Harriet in prison.

Answer: _____

3. Who was John Tubman?

- a. He was son of Harriet Ross Tubman.
- b. He was the father of Harriet Ross Tubman.
- c. He was the brother of Harriet Ross Tubman.
- d. He was the husband of Harriet Ross Tubman.

Answer: _____

4. Why did Harriet decide to run away?

- a. She was afraid she would be starved.
- b. She was afraid of John Tubman.
- c. She was afraid she would be sold again and sent away.
- d. She was afraid of the dark.

Answer: _____

5. What was the slaves' secret path to freedom called?

- a. The Underground Railroad
- b. The Underground Tunnel
- c. The Underground Caves
- d. The Underground Mines

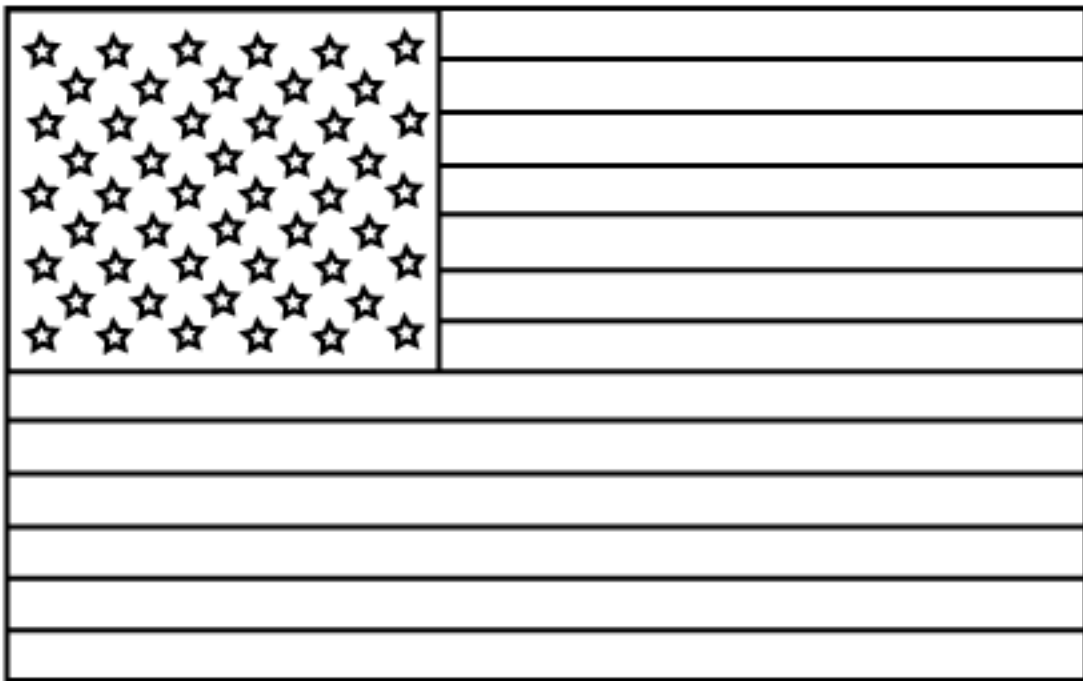
Answer: _____

6. What did Harriet Tubman do after she found freedom?

- a. She went back to her job as a plantation slave.
- b. She worked as a servant.
- c. She worked as a railroad engineer.
- d. She went back to help other slaves find freedom.

Answer: _____

Famous Black Americans



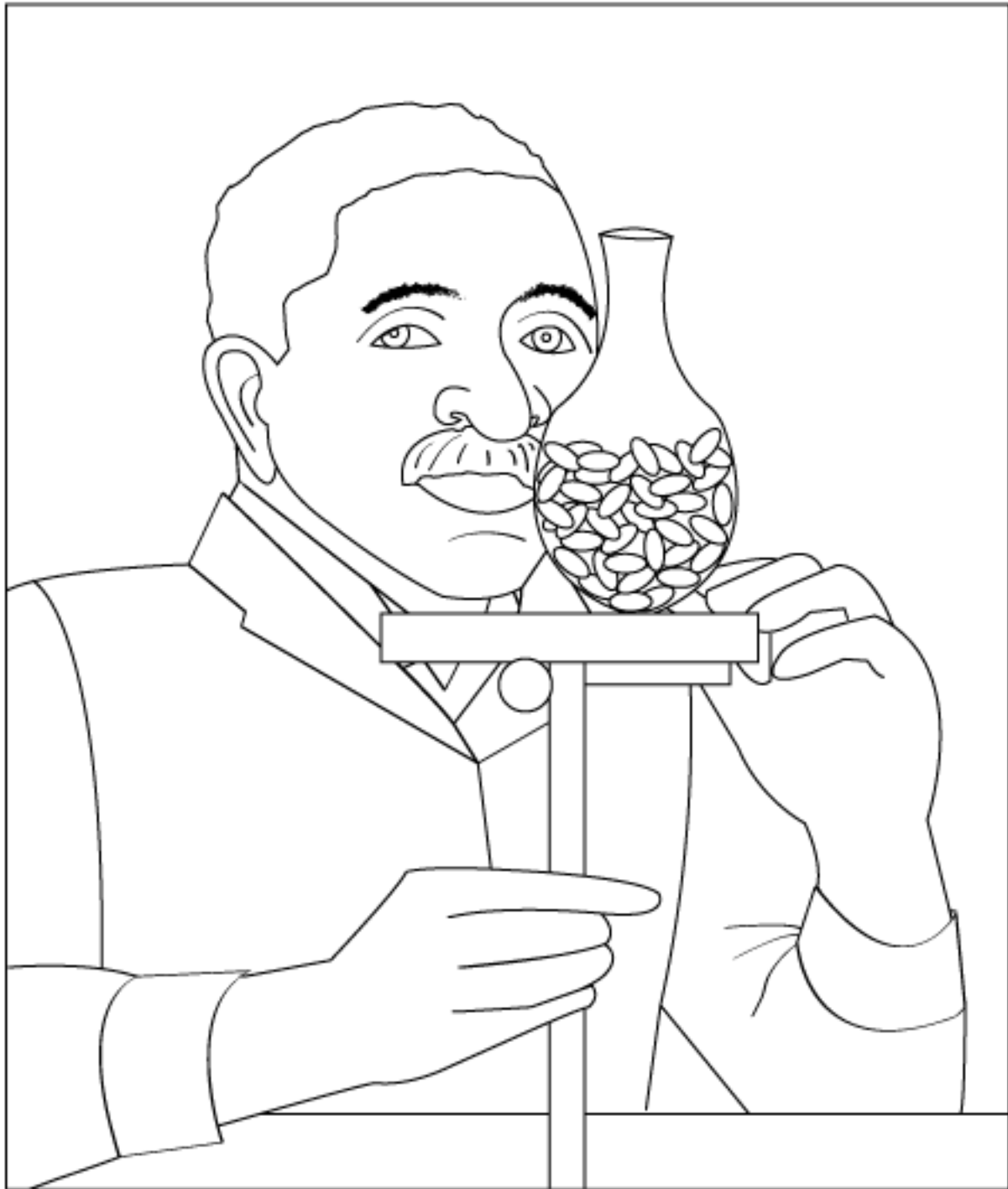


Black Americans help make the USA great!

HARRIET TUBMAN



Many Black Americans show bravery.
Harriet Tubman led many slaves to freedom!



Many Black Americans show wisdom. George Washington Carver became a scientist and teacher. He found 300 uses for peanuts.

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Many Black Americans start successful businesses.
Madam C.J. Walker got rich selling her hair
care products.

©edHelper.com



Many Black Americans share their musical talent.
Louis Armstrong was a great jazz player!



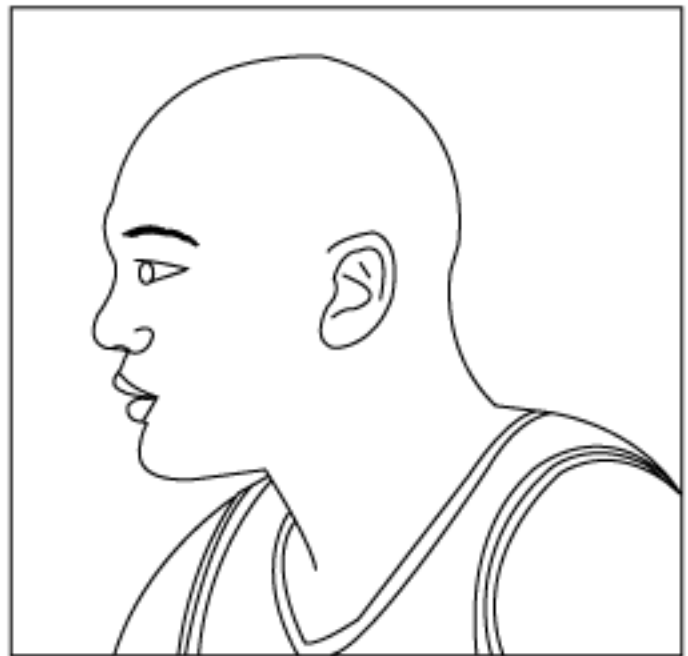
Many Black Americans got tired of racism. Rosa Parks wouldn't move to the back of the bus.



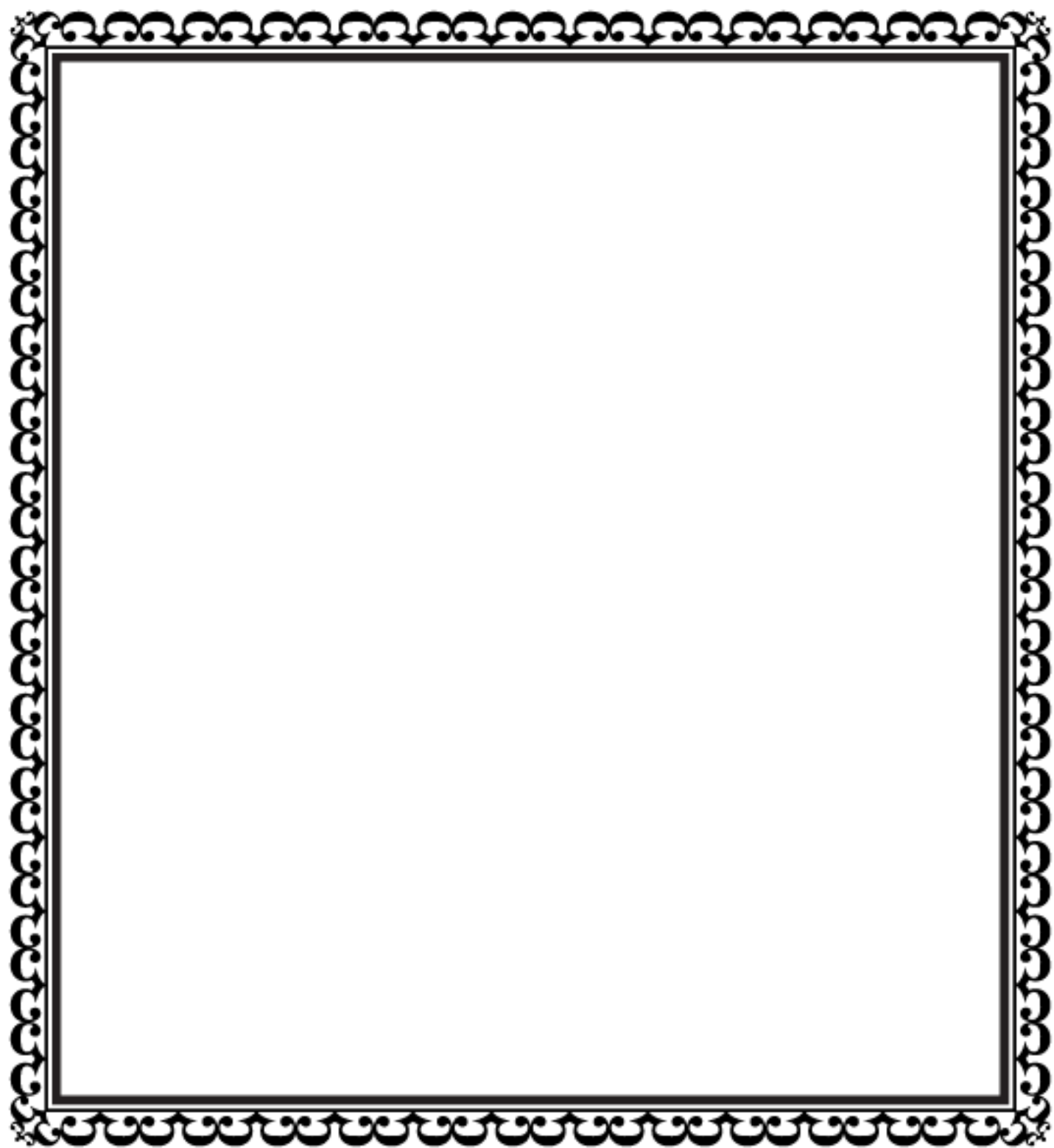
Many Black Americans wanted equal rights.
Martin Luther King, Jr. became a civil rights leader.



Many Black Americans are famous celebrities.
Oprah Winfrey owns her own TV talk show!



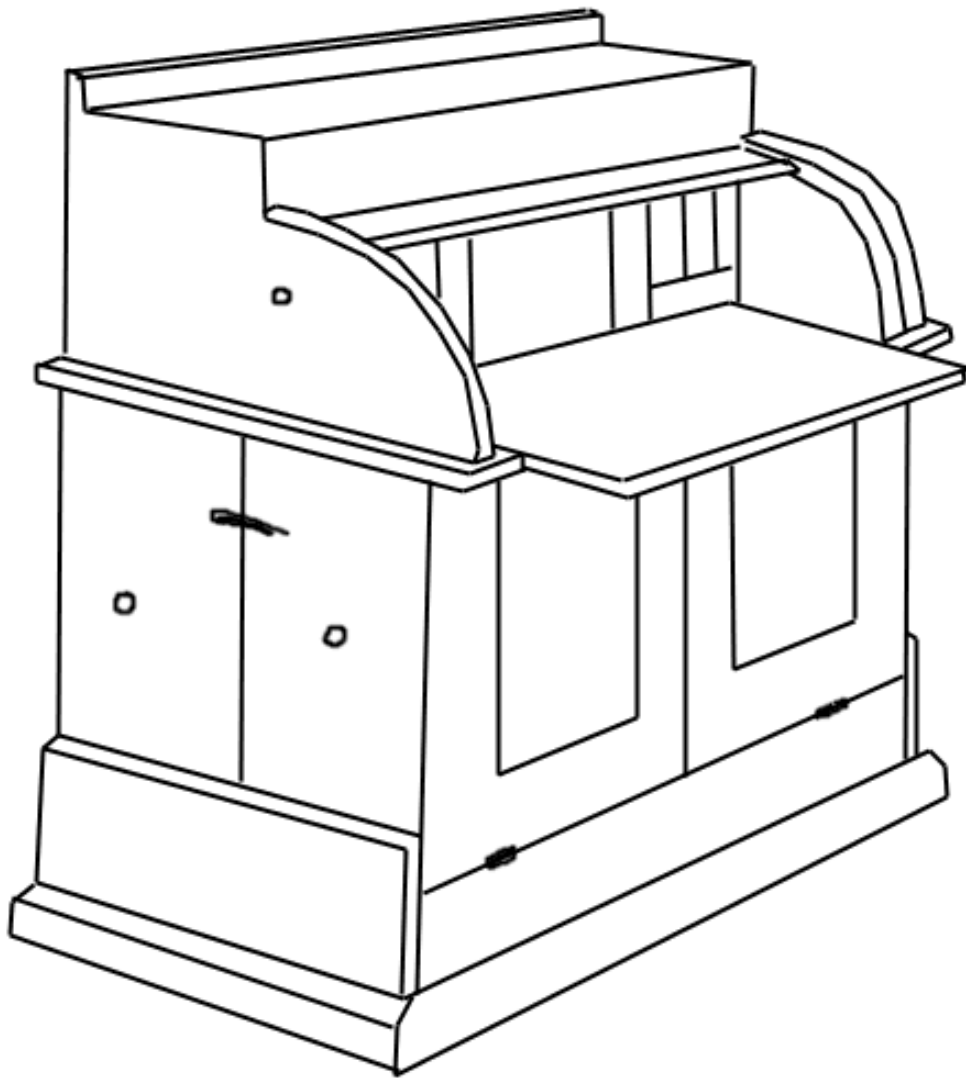
Many Black Americans are great athletes. Hank Aaron played baseball, and Michael Jordan is best known for basketball.



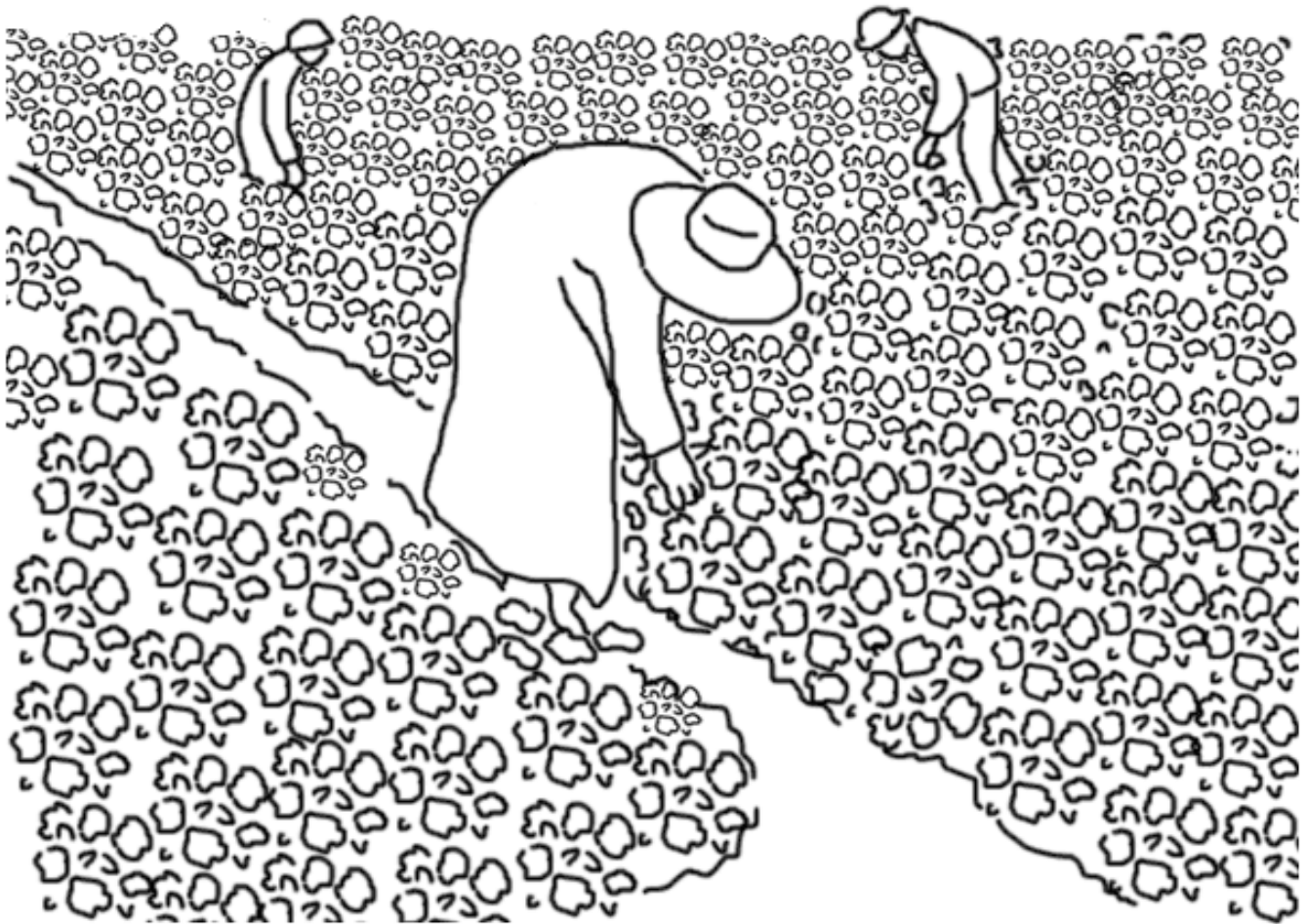
Draw a picture of a Black American who helps
make America great!

Sarah E. Goode:

Inventor of the Hideaway Bed



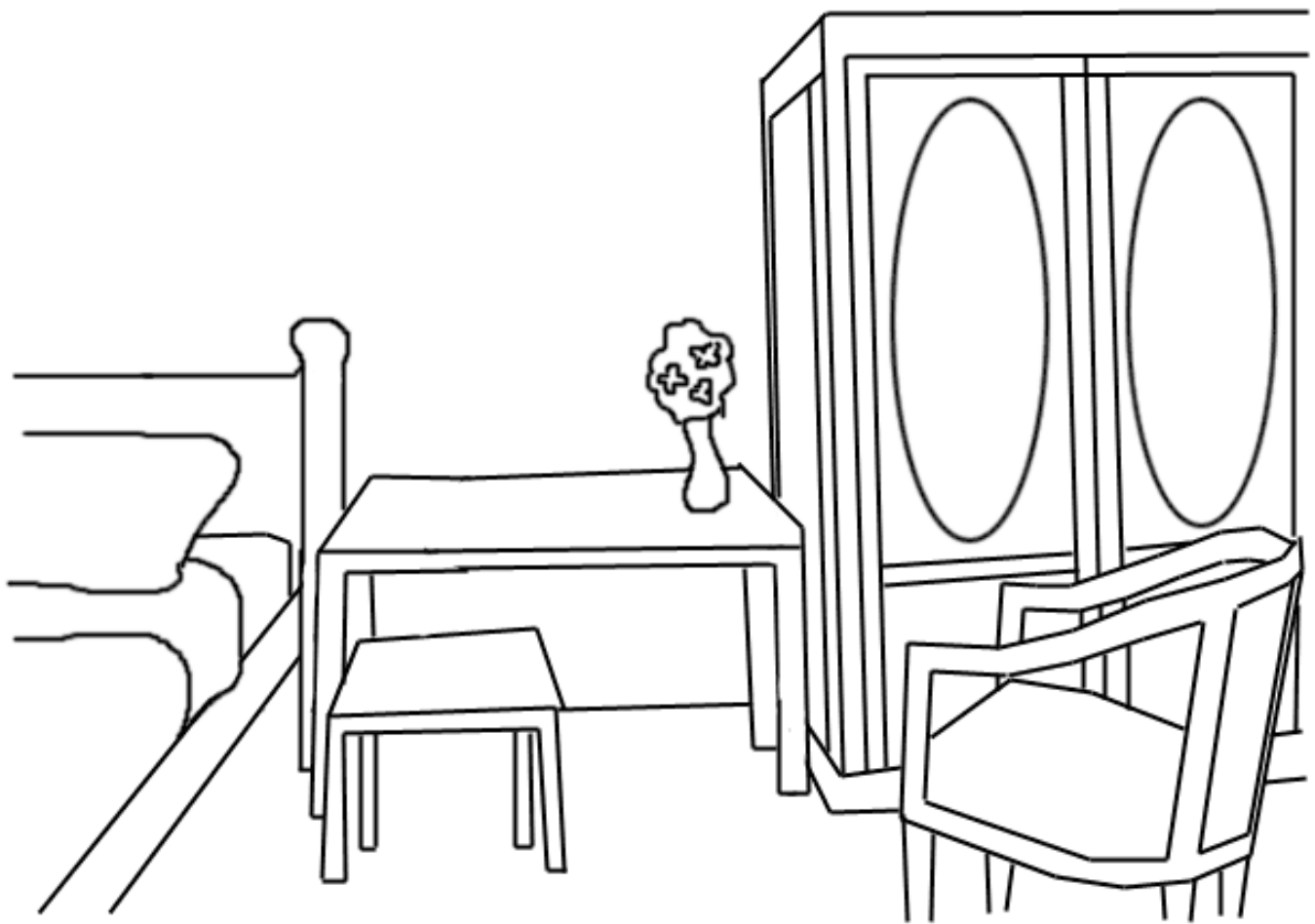
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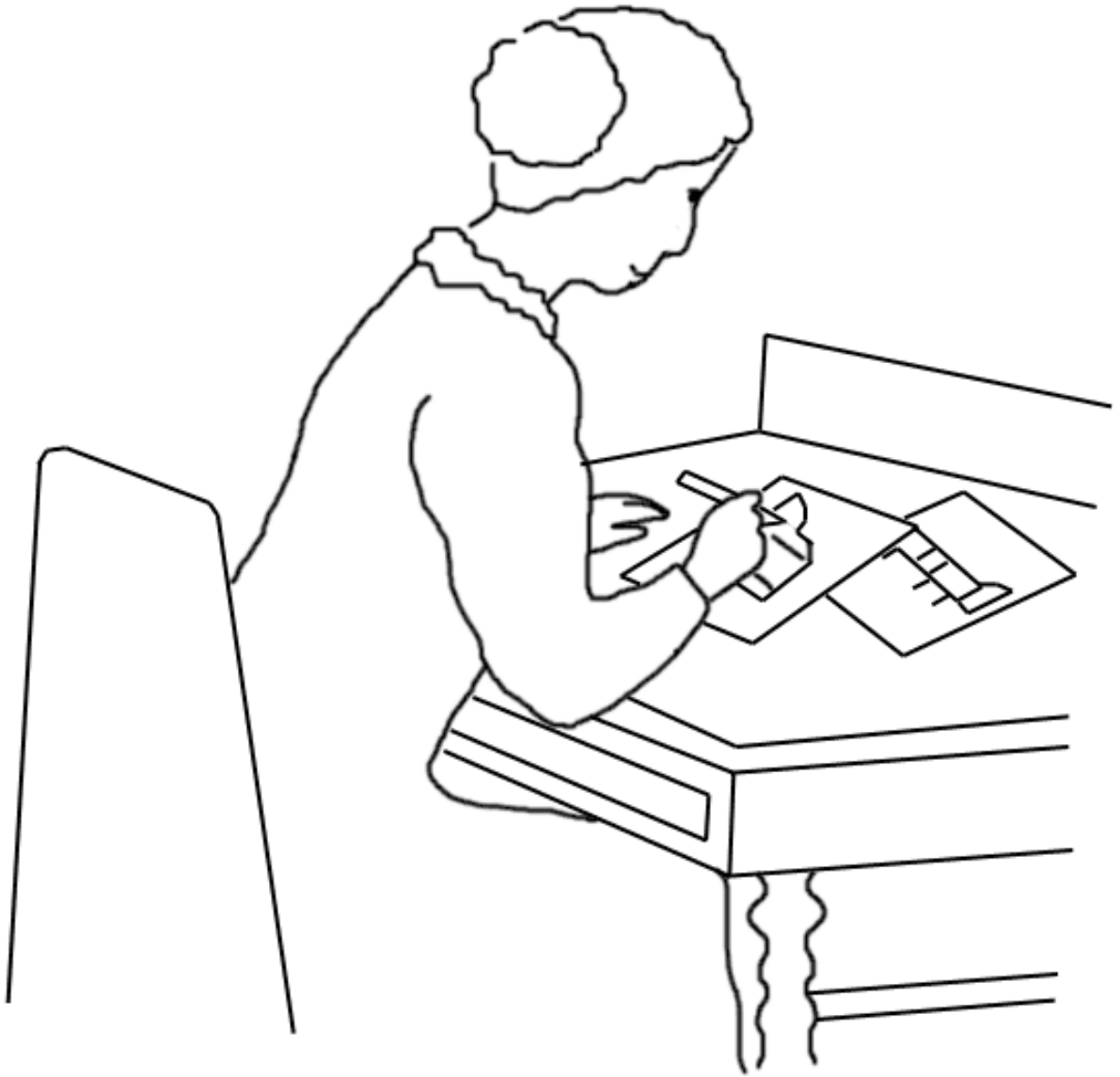
Sarah Goode was born into slavery in 1850. As a slave, she was the property of her owner. She lived the difficult life of a slave until the end of the Civil War. At that time, she was given her freedom. Sarah was a young woman with a dream. She wanted to make her own way. She heard there was better opportunity to make a good living in the Midwest.



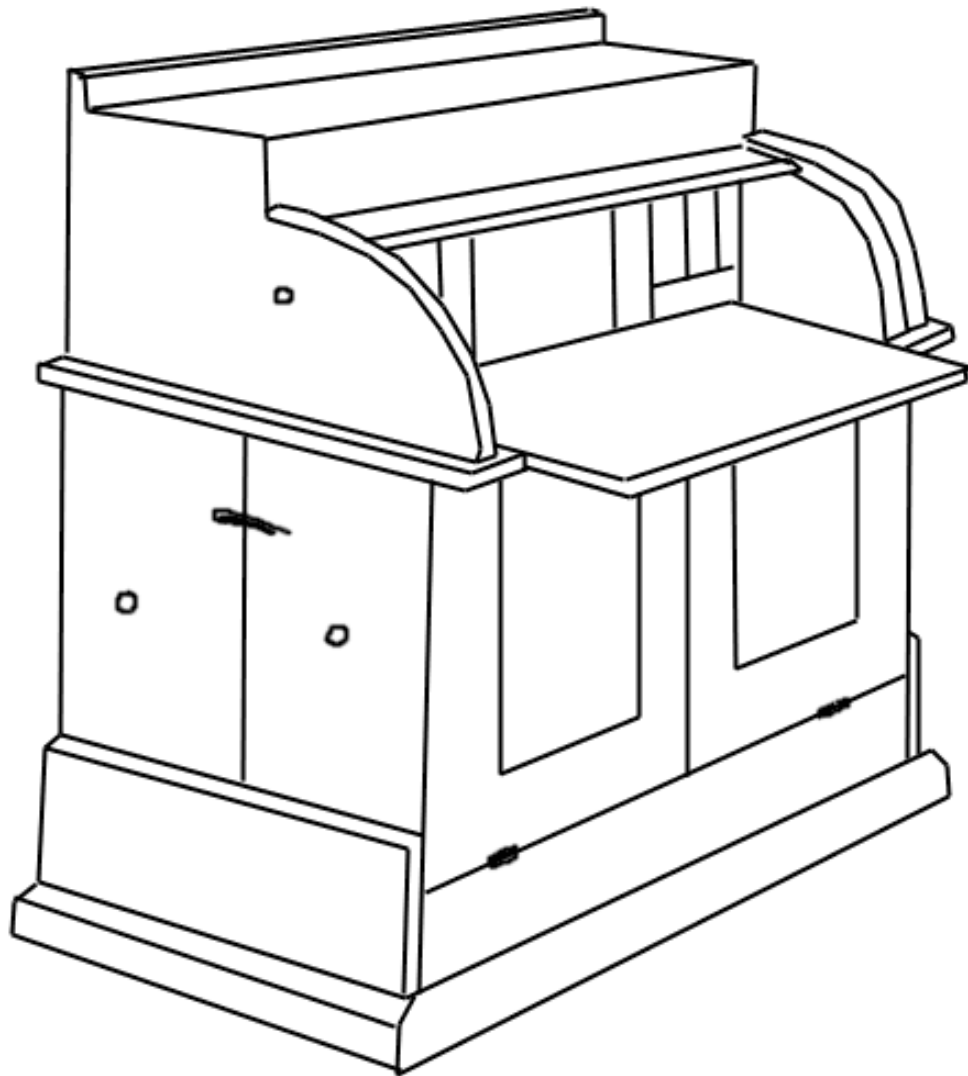
Sarah moved to Chicago. Once there, she saw how many people were moving into the area. Sarah knew these families would be needing furniture. She opened a furniture store for the new residents of Chicago. She worked hard to make her business a success. She also continued to look for other ways to make money.



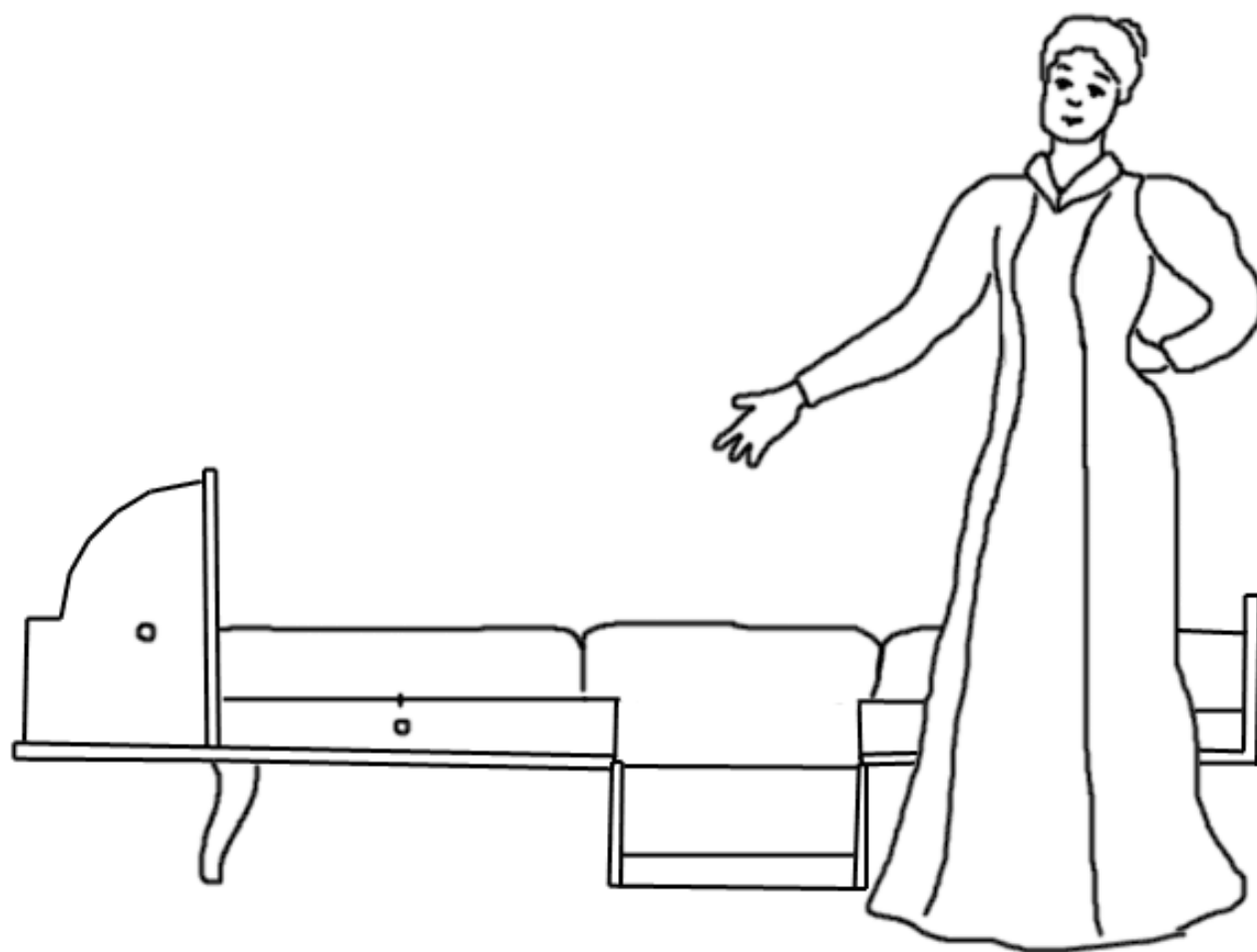
Sarah soon realized many of her customers were living in small apartment houses. The apartments were very small. There was barely enough room for a bed. She began to think about some way she could build a bed that would save space.



Sarah began drawing designs for a space-saving bed. Soon, in addition to being a businesswoman, she was also an inventor. Sarah Goode invented a folding bed. It was the first version of what is now called a hideaway bed.



It was a complete bed that folded up into a cabinet when not in use. It was also a desk that included shelves with a roll-top cover. The desk had an extended tabletop for writing.



Her invention was the first ever of its kind. Sarah Goode applied for and received a patent for her folding bed in 1885. This patent made her the first African American woman to receive a U.S. patent.



As a former slave, Sarah Goode overcame many difficulties to become a success. She was not only African American, but she was a woman, living at a time when both of these things were seen as major setbacks to success in the business world. Sarah Goode serves as an inspiration for all women trying to build a future in the business world.

1. In what year was Sarah Goode born?

- a. 1960
- b. 1950
- c. 1850
- d. 1865

Answer: _____

2. Why did Sarah leave her home?

- a. She wanted to make her own way.
- b. Her home was sold.
- c. Her home was given away.
- d. She got married.

Answer: _____

3. What kind of business did Sarah open in Chicago?

- a. a grocery store
- b. a bed and breakfast
- c. a clothing store
- d. a furniture store

Answer: _____

4. What did Sarah Goode invent?

- a. a sofa
- b. a desk
- c. a hideaway bed
- d. a trunk

Answer: _____

5. In what year did Sarah Goode receive her patent?

- a. 1855.
- b. 1955
- c. 1865
- d. 1885

Answer: _____

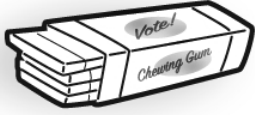
6. What made Sarah E. Goode's invention a part of history?

- a. She was the first African American woman to receive a patent.
- b. She was the first woman to receive a patent.
- c. She was the first woman ever to sleep in a bed.
- d. She invented the bedroom.

Answer: _____

Name: _____

Did you know that at one time women and African Americans couldn't vote? In 2020, the theme for Black History Month is voting. Here are some juicy tidbits about voting for you to chew on!



The Fifteenth Amendment gave African American men the right to vote in 1870. How do you think a person feels when he or she votes for the first time? _____

The Nineteenth Amendment gave women the right to vote in 1920. Does it surprise you that women couldn't vote before then? _____

What do you think your class at school would like to vote on? _____

Would it be fun to design a voting box for your school? Draw a fancy voting box with a slot in the top for people to put a ballot in:



Name: _____

Do you know about a great African American man named Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.? He has a holiday in January. He helped African Americans have more freedom and equality. Did you know that African Americans weren't able to vote a long time ago? That wasn't fair, was it?



What does it mean to vote for something?

A big book, the Cambridge Dictionary, says it means:

“to express your choice or opinion as one member of a group.”

Copy the definition on
the lines below:

That sounds important! Should everyone be able to vote? Write your idea about that here.
(Ask your teacher for help with the words you want to write if you need it.)

Which item would you like to vote about?
Circle your favorite one:

Whether to have chocolate or
vanilla ice cream sandwiches
at school:



or



Whether to have a pet
dog or cat at your house

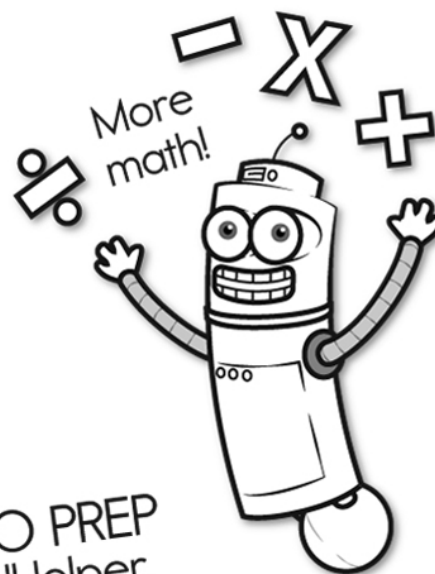


or



Draw a picture of your favorite
dessert or your favorite pet here:





It's NO PREP at edHelper.

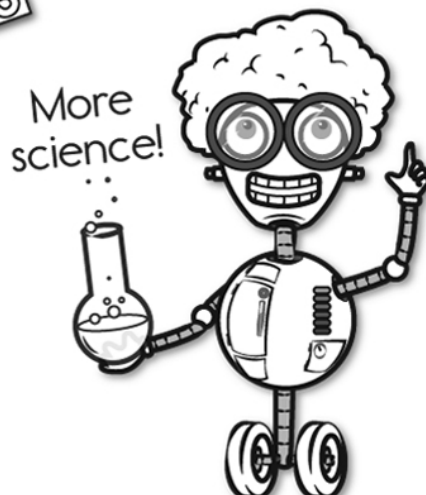
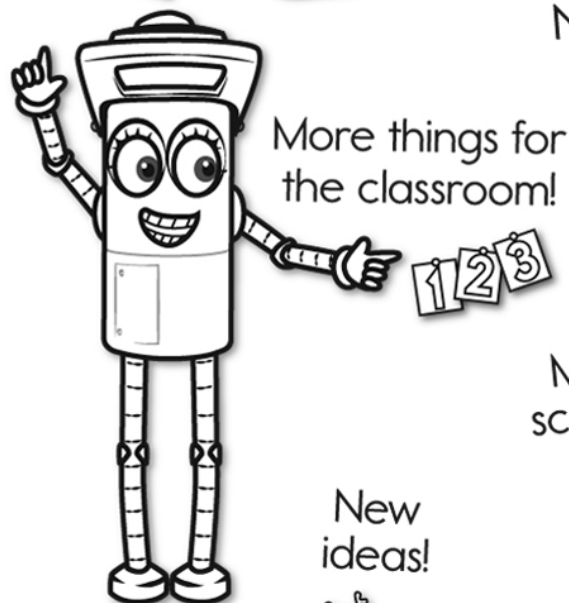
More history!



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New online math games!



New ideas!



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More puzzles!

